

Write your name here

Surname	Other names
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**In the style of:** **Edexcel GCSE**

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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# Mathematics A

## Transformation of Curves

**Higher Tier**

Past Paper Style Questions Arranged by Topic	Paper Reference <b>1MA0/1H</b>
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**You must have:** Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser. Tracing paper may be used.

Total Marks

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### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- **Calculators must not be used.**



### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*
- Questions labelled with an **asterisk** (\*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed.

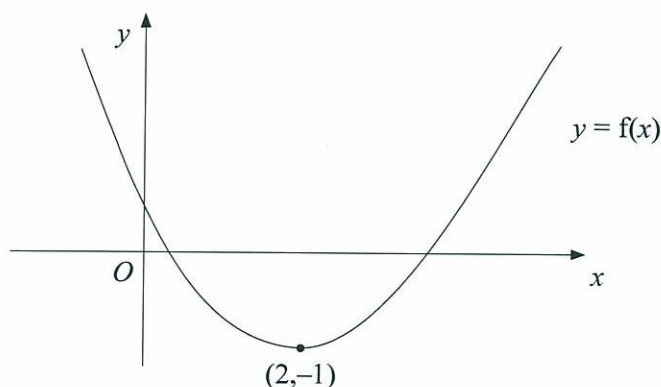
### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►



1.



The diagram shows part of the curve with equation  $y = f(x)$

The minimum point of the curve is at  $(2, -1)$

(a) Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with equation

(i)  $y = f(x - 2)$

$(4, -1)$

(ii)  $y = 2f(x)$

$(2, -2)$

(iii)  $y = f(2x)$

$(1, -1)$

(3)

The curve  $y = f(x)$  is reflected in the  $y$  axis.

(b) Find the equation of the curve following this transformation.

$y = f(-x)$

(1)

The curve with equation  $y = f(x)$  has been transformed to give the curve with equation  $y = f(x) + 2$

(c) Describe the transformation.

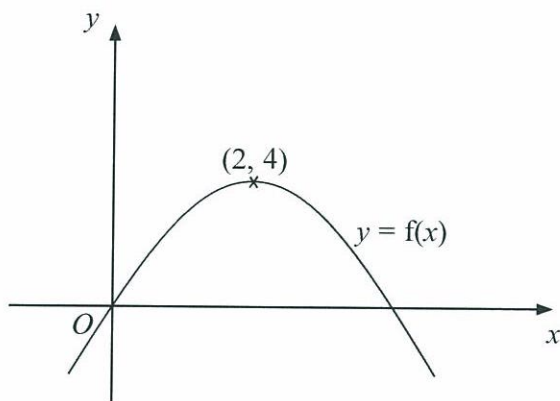
A translation of  $f(x)$  by 2 units along the positive  $y$ -axis.

(1)

(Total 5 marks)



2.



The diagram shows part of the curve with equation  $y = f(x)$ .  
The coordinates of the maximum point of this curve are  $(2, 4)$ .

Write down the coordinates of the maximum point of the curve with equation

(a)  $y = f(x - 2)$

(4, 4)  
(1)

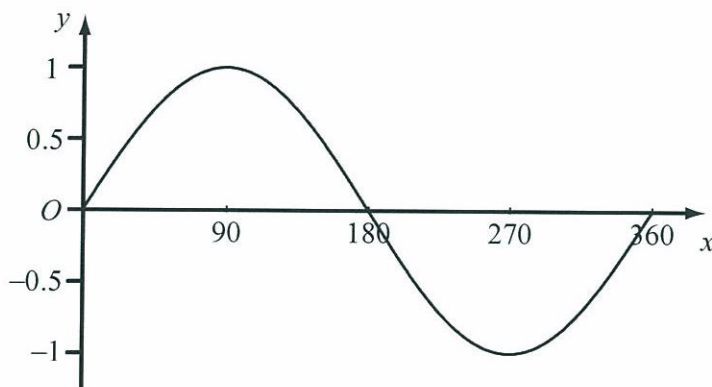
(b)  $y = 2f(x)$

(2, 8)  
(1)

(Total 2 marks)



3. The diagram shows a sketch of the curve  $y = \sin x^\circ$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 360$



The exact value of  $\sin 60^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

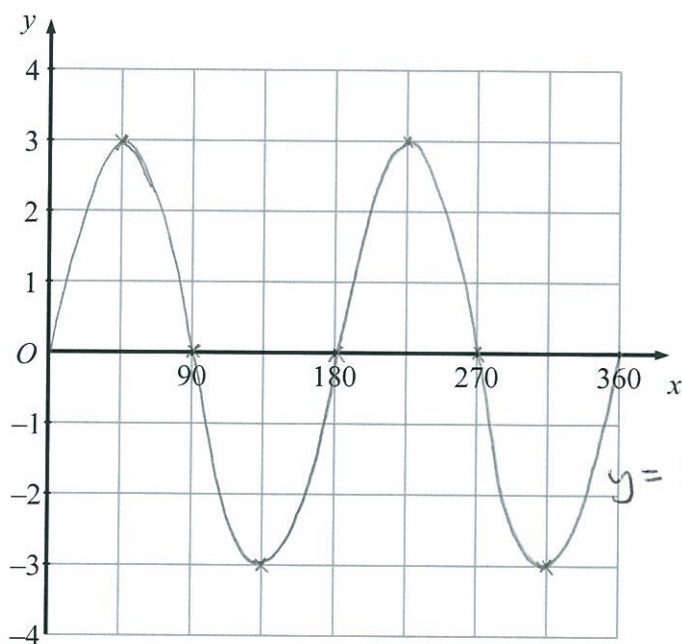
(a) Write down the exact value of

(i)  $\sin 120^\circ$ ,  $\sin x = \sin(180-x)$   
 $\Rightarrow \sin 60^\circ = \sin(180-60)$   
 $= \sin 120^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

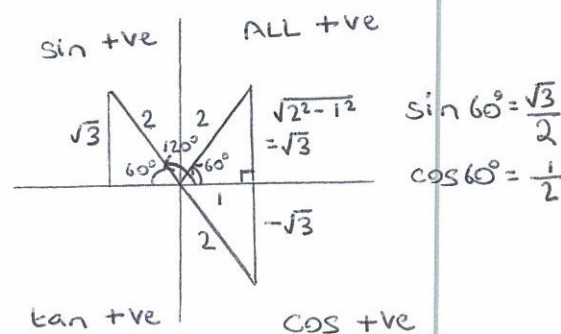
(ii)  $\sin 300^\circ$ .

$\sin x = -\sin(360-x)$   
 $\Rightarrow \sin 300^\circ = -\sin(360-300) = -\sin 60^\circ = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

(b) On the grid below, sketch the graph of  $y = 3 \sin 2x^\circ$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 360$



QUADRANT GUIDE TO ILLUSTRATE WHERE TRIGONOMETRIC RATIOS ARE POSITIVE (+ve).



$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

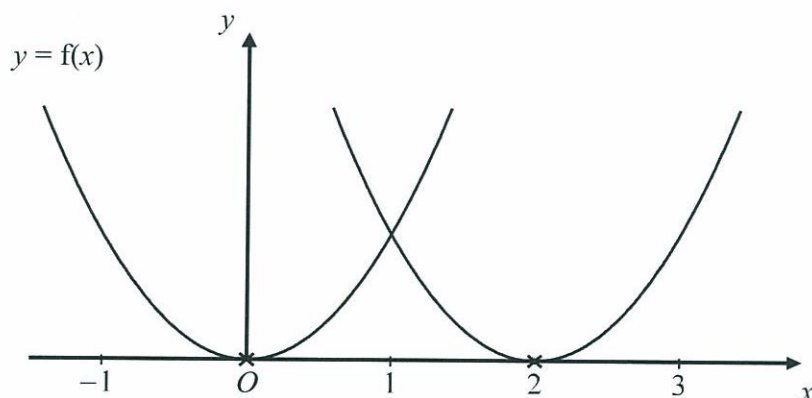
$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

(2)





4.

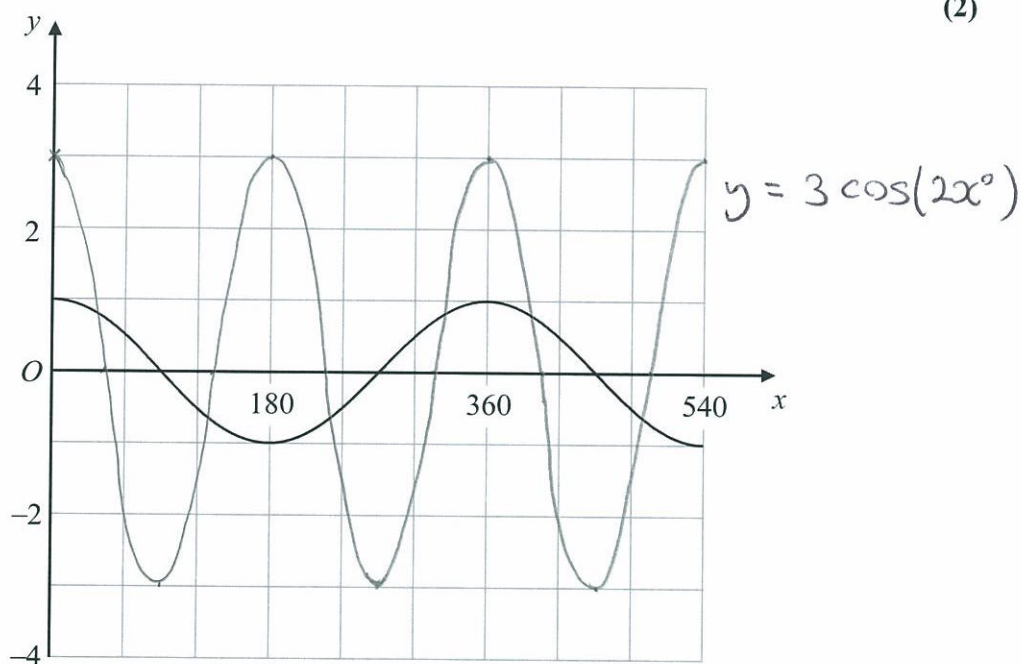


The curve with equation  $y = f(x)$  is translated so that the point at  $(0, 0)$  is mapped onto the point  $(2, 0)$ .

(a) Find an equation of the translated curve.

$$y = f(x - 2)$$

(2)



The grid shows the graph of  $y = \cos x^\circ$  for values of  $x$  from 0 to 540

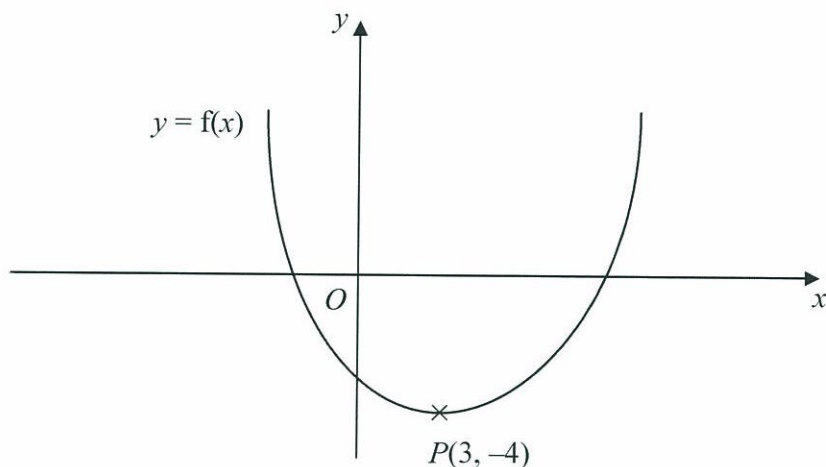
(b) On the grid, sketch the graph of  $y = 3 \cos(2x^\circ)$  for values of  $x$  from 0 to 540

(2)

(Total 4 marks)



5. This is a sketch of the curve with the equation  $y = f(x)$ .  
The only minimum point of the curve is at  $P(3, -4)$ .



- (a) Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with the equation  $y = f(x - 2)$

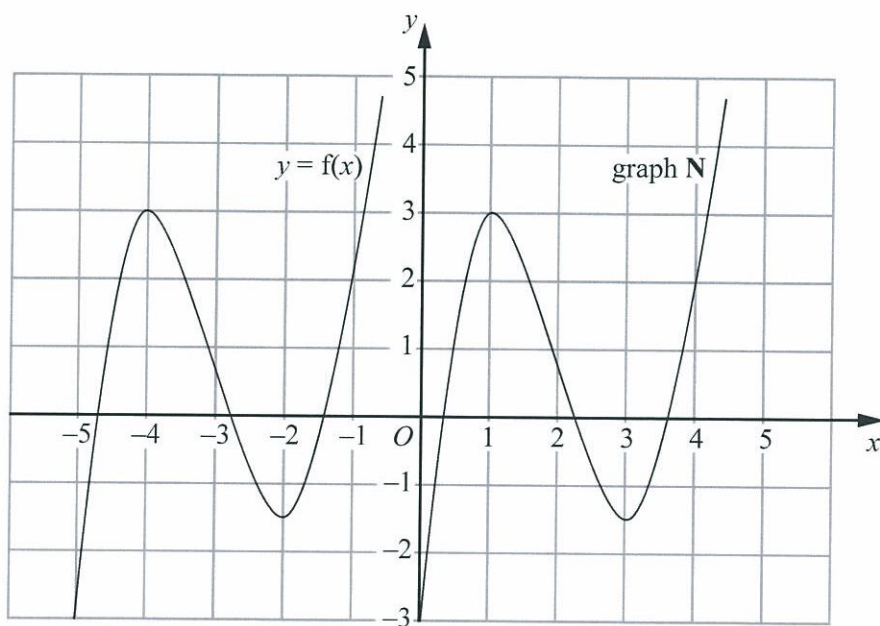
(5, -4)  
(2)

- (b) Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with the equation  $y = f(x + 5) + 6$

(-2, 2)



6. The graph of  $y = f(x)$  is shown on the grid.



The graph N is a translation of the graph of  $y = f(x)$ .

- (a) Write down in terms of  $f$ , the equation of graph N

$$y = f(x - 5) \quad (1)$$

The graph of  $y = f(x)$  has a maximum point at  $(-4, 3)$ .

- (b) Write down the coordinates of the maximum point of the graph of  $y = f(-x)$ .

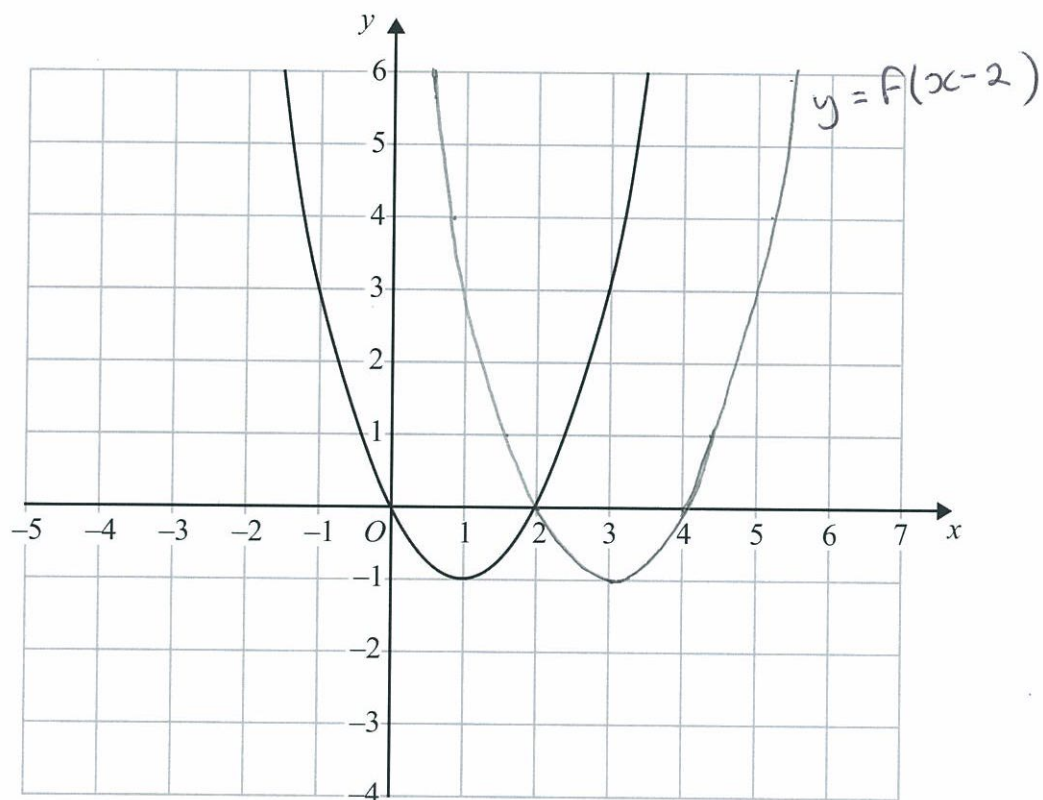
$$(4, 3) \quad (2)$$

(Total 3 marks)



7. The graph of  $y = f(x)$  is shown on each of the grids.

(a) On this grid, sketch the graph of  $y = f(x - 2)$

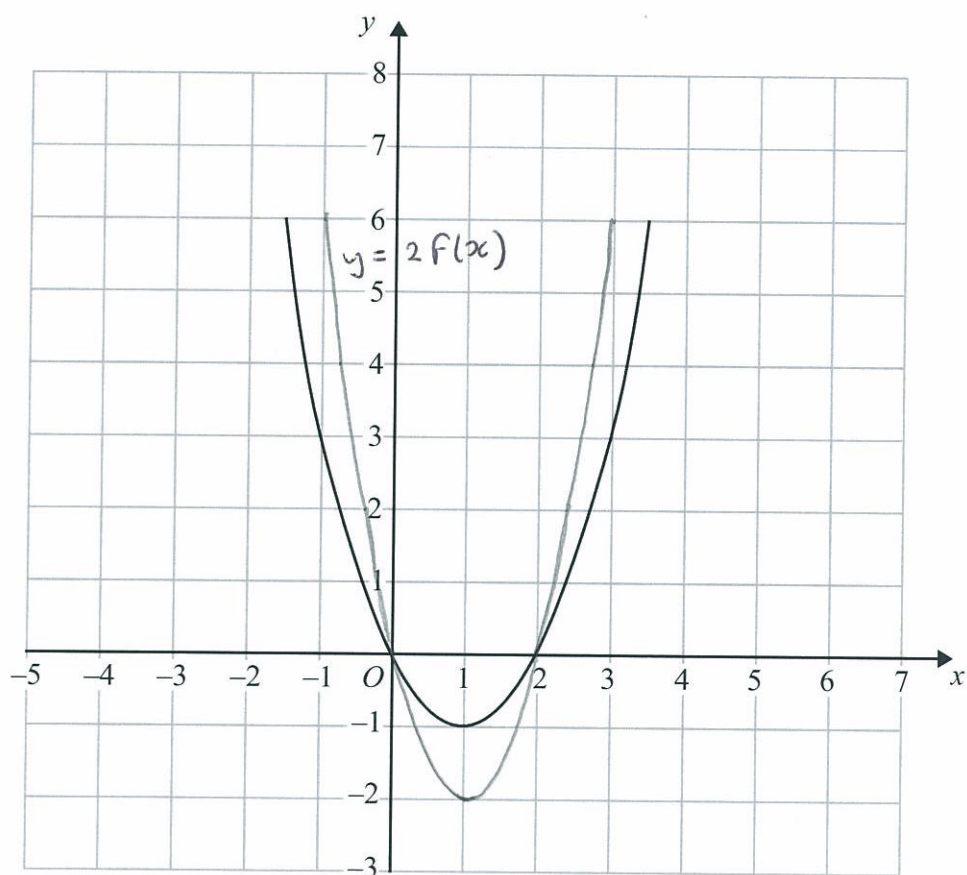


(2)





(b) On this grid, sketch the graph of  $y = 2f(x)$



(Total 4 marks)



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