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Write your name here		
Surname	Other	names
In the style of:	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Edexcel GCSE		
Mathema	tics A	
I .		1
Transformat		
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Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators must not be used.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Questions labelled with an asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed.

Advice

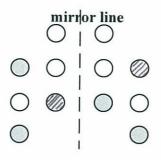
- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over



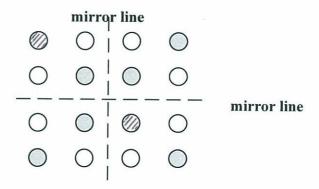
1	TT						
	 Here a	are	some	patterns	of	circl	es.

(a) Shade two more circles to give this pattern symmetry in the mirror line.



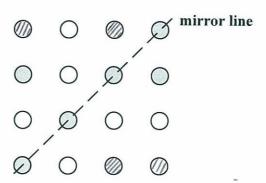
(2)

(b) Shade two more circles to give this pattern symmetry in both mirror lines.

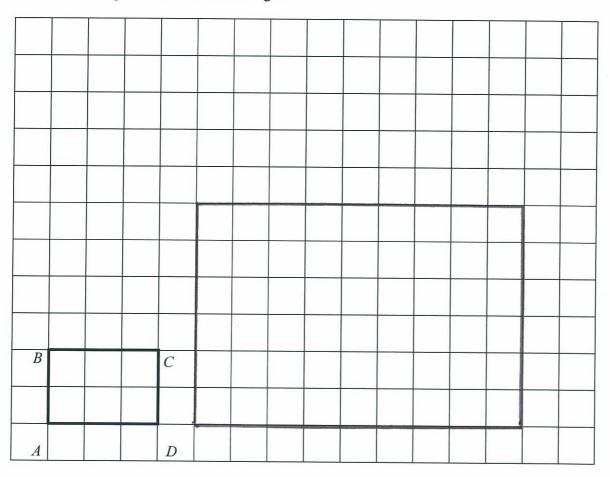


(2)

(c) Shade four more circles to give this pattern symmetry in the mirror line.



2. The shape *ABCD* is drawn on a grid.



(a) Enlarge ABCD by scale factor 3.

(2)

(b) How many times bigger is the area of the enlarged shape than the area of ABCD?

9

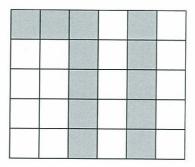
(2)

N.B: Area of larger = Area of smaller x (Scale factor)2

i.e.
$$A_L = A_S \times 3^2$$

= $A_S \times 9$

The number 71 is shaded on the grid.



(a) What fraction of the grid is shaded?

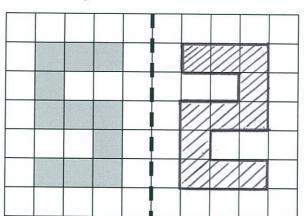
Give your answer in its simplest form.

$$\frac{12}{30} = \frac{2}{5}$$

25

(3)

(b) The letter S is shaded on this grid.

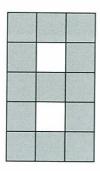


mirror line

Draw the reflection of the letter S in the mirror line.

(2)

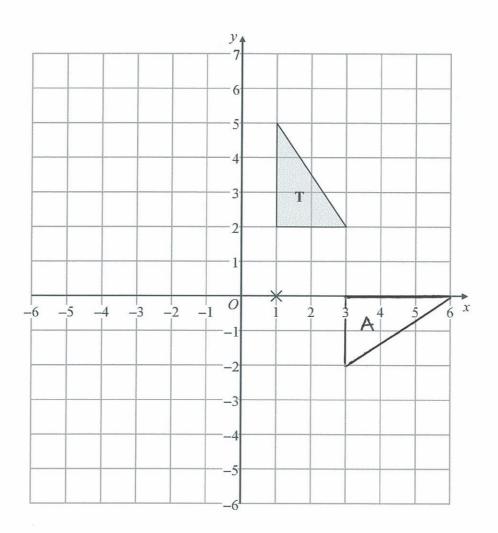
3. (c) The number eight is drawn.



Write down the order of rotational symmetry.

2

(1)



Triangle T has been drawn on the grid.

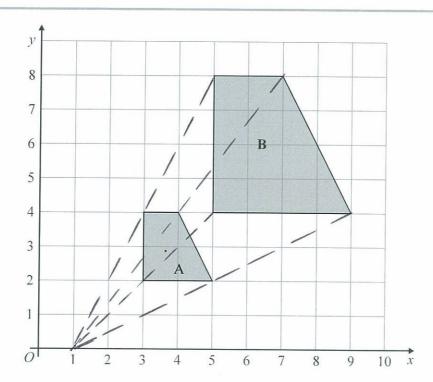
Rotate triangle T 90° about the point (1, 0).

Label the new triangle A.

clockwise

(Total 2 marks)



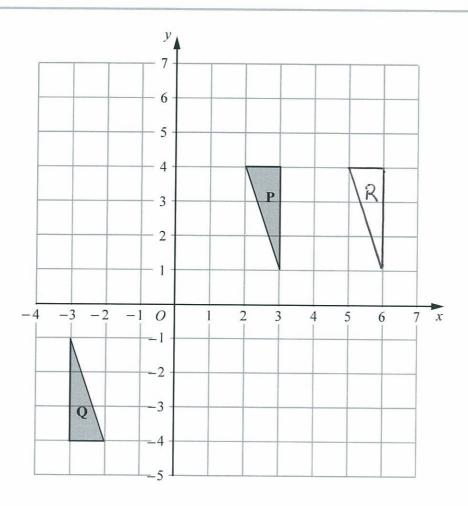


Describe fully the single transformation which maps shape \boldsymbol{A} onto shape \boldsymbol{B} .

An enlargement by factor 2 centred on (1,0)

(Total 3 marks)





Triangle ${\bf P}$ and triangle ${\bf Q}$ are drawn on the grid.

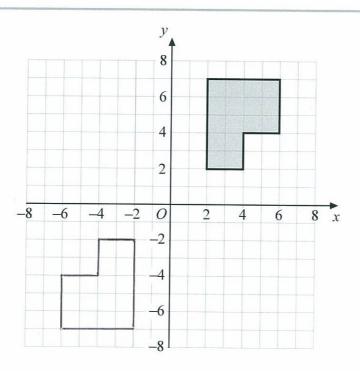
(a) Describe fully the single transformation which maps triangle ${\bf P}$ onto triangle ${\bf Q}$.

A rotation of 180° about the origin, i.e. the point (0,0)

(b) Translate triangle **P** by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$. Label the new triangle **R**.

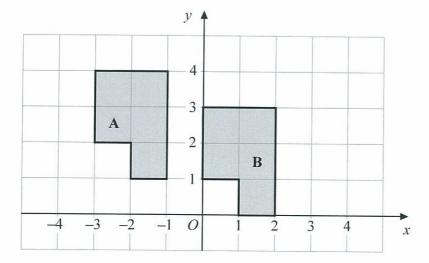
(1)

(Total 4 marks)



(a) Rotate the shaded shape 180° clockwise about the point O.

(2)

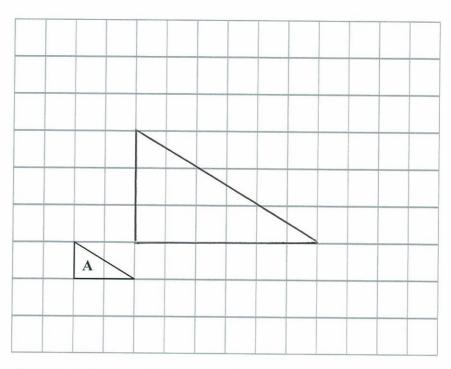


(b) Describe fully the single transformation that will map shape $\bf A$ onto shape $\bf B$.

A translation by the vector (-1)

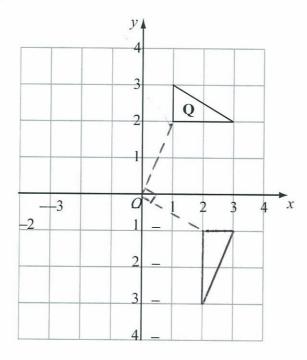
(2)

(Total 4 marks)



Triangle A has been drawn ona grid.

(a) On the grid, draw an enlargement of the triangle **A** with a scale factor 3.



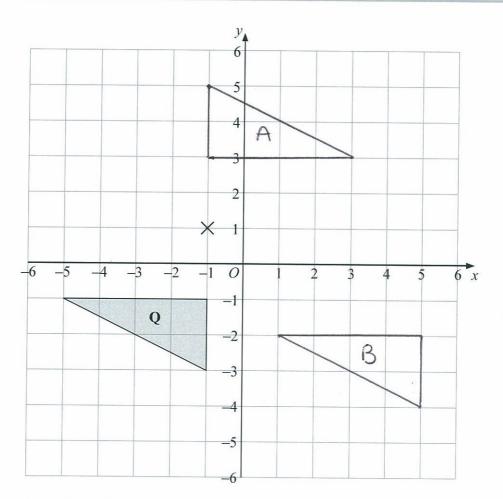
Triangle \mathbf{Q} has been drawn on a grid.

(b) On the grid, rotate triangle \mathbf{Q} 90° clockwise,

centre O.

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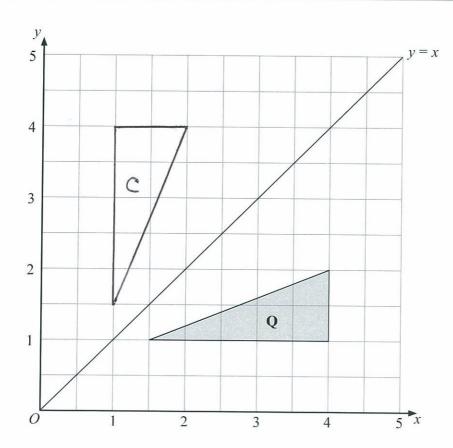
(a) Rotate triangle Q 180° about the point (-1, 1).

Label the new triangle A.

(2)

(b) Translate triangle **Q** by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ Label the new triangle **B**.

(1)

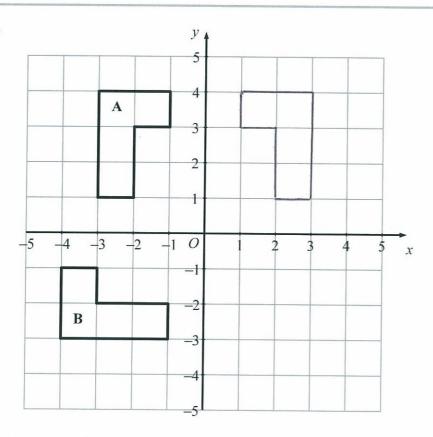


(c) Reflect triangle **Q** in the line y = x.

Label the new triangle C.

(2)

(Total 5 marks)



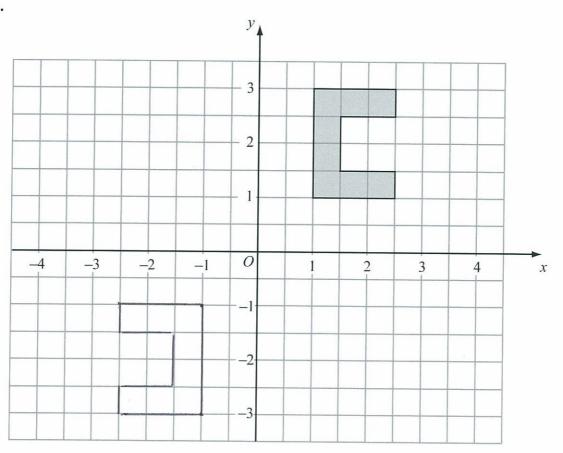
(a) Reflect shape A in the y axis.

(2)

(b) Describe fully the single transformation which takes shape A to shape B.

A rotation 90° anti-clockwise about the point (0,0)

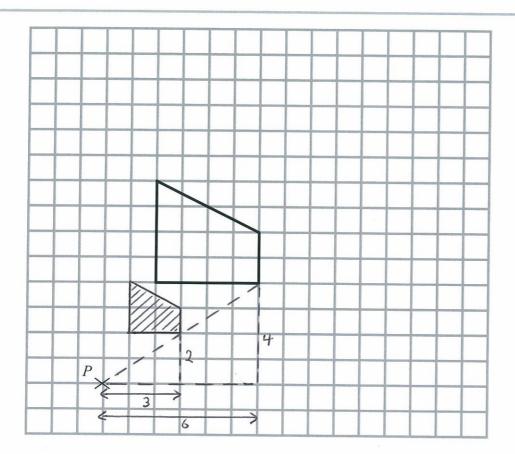
(Total 5 marks)



Rotate the shape 180° centre O.

(Total 2 marks)

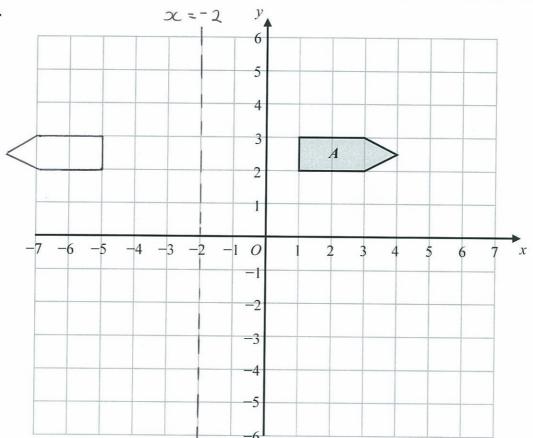




On the grid, enlarge the shape with a scale factor of $\frac{1}{2}$, centre P.

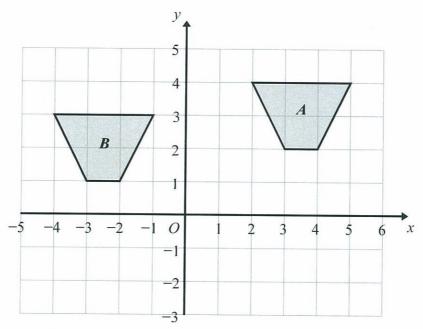
(Total 3 marks)





(a) On the grid above, reflect shape A in the line x = -2

(2)



(b) Describe fully the single transformation that will map shape A onto shape B.

A	translation	6	the	vector	1-6))
		0			(- 1)	<i>J</i>
						•••••

(Total 4 marks)

(2)

