Centre No.			Paper Reference			Surname	Initial(s)				
Candidate No.			1	3	8	0	/	4	H	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

1380/4H

Edexcel GCSE

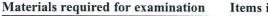
Mathematics (Linear) - 1380

Paper 4 (Calculator)

Higher Tier

Friday 11 June 2010 - Morning

Time: 1 hour 45 minutes



Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used. Items included with question papers

Nil

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper.

You must NOT write on the formulae page.

Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

If you need more space to complete your answer to any question, use additional answer sheets.

Information for Candidates

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 27 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 100.

There are 24 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Calculators may be used.

If your calculator does not have a π button, take the value of π to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.

Advice to Candidates

Show all stages in any calculations.

Work steadily through the paper. Do not spend too long on one question.

If you cannot answer a question, leave it and attempt the next one.

Return at the end to those you have left out.

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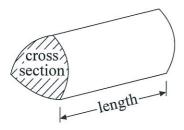
GCSE Mathematics (Linear) 1380

Formulae: Higher Tier

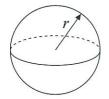
You must not write on this formulae page.

Anything you write on this formulae page will gain NO credit.

Volume of a prism = area of cross section \times length

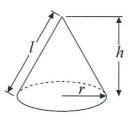


Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$

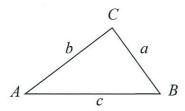


Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = πrl



In any triangle ABC



Sine Rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine Rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$

The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a \ne 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

Answer ALL TWENTY SEVEN questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all stages in your working.

Here is a list of ingredients for making a trifle for 4 people.

Trifle for 4 people

120 g of raspberry jelly

8 sponge fingers

420 ml of custard

180 g of tinned fruit

Rob is going to make a trifle for 6 people. Work out the amount of each ingredient he needs.

Divide quantities by 4 (to find quantities for 1 person) and then multiply by 6 or simply multiply each quantity by the Fraction 6 all in one go.

$$120 \times \frac{6}{4} = 30 \times 6 = 1809$$
 $8 \times \frac{6}{4} = 2 \times 6 = 12$
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g of raspberry jelly

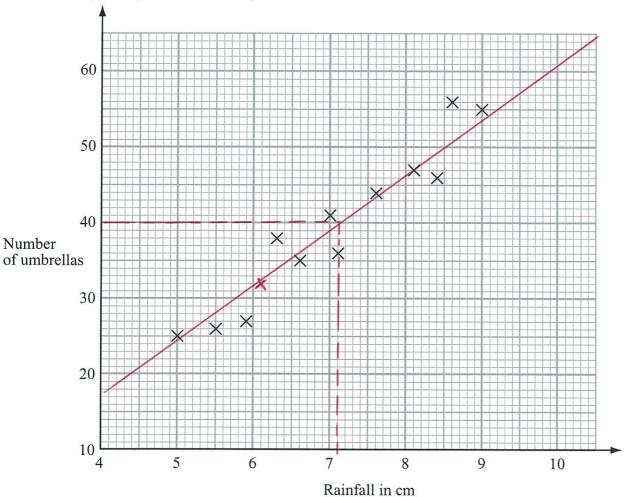
270 g of tinned fruit

(Total 3 marks)

Q1

Mr Wither sells umbrellas.

The scatter graph shows some information about the number of umbrellas he sold and the rainfall, in cm, each month last year.



In January of this year, the rainfall was 6.1 cm. During January, Mr Wither sold 32 umbrellas.

(a) Show this information on the scatter graph.

(1)

(b) What type of correlation does this scatter graph show?

Positive correlation **(1)**

In February of this year, Mr Wither sold 40 umbrellas.

(c) Estimate the rainfall for February.

7.1

(2)

(Total 4 marks)

Q2

3. In August 2008, Eddie hired a car in Italy.

The cost of hiring the car was £620 The exchange rate was £1 = $\[\in \]$ 1.25

(a) Work out the cost of hiring the car in euros (\in) .

€...775 (2)

Eddie bought some perfume in Italy.

The cost of the perfume in Italy was €50 The cost of the same perfume in London was £42

(b) Work out the difference between the cost of the perfume in Italy and the cost of the perfume in London.

Give your answer in pounds (£).

£ ...2

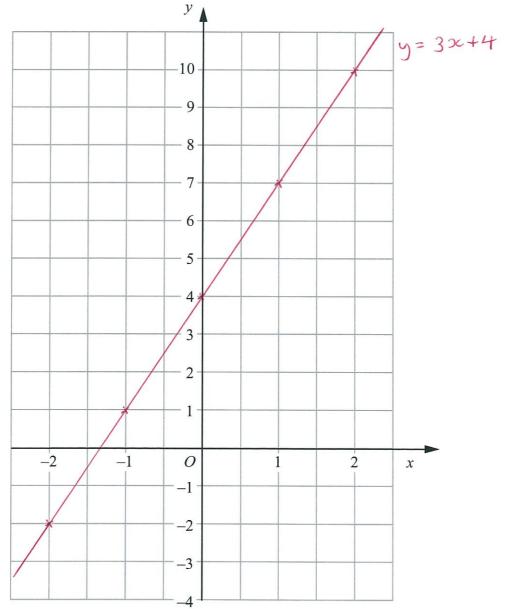
(3) Q3

4. (a) Complete the table of values for y = 3x + 4

х	-2	-1	0	1	2
у	-2	1	4	7	10

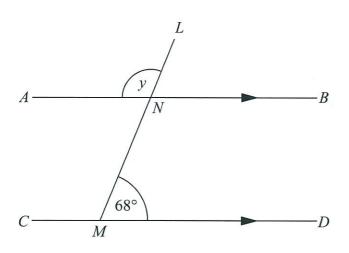
(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of y = 3x + 4



(2) Q4

5.



Leave blank

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

ANB is parallel to CMD. LNM is a straight line.

Angle $LMD = 68^{\circ}$

(i) Work out the size of the angle marked y.

112 °

(ii) Give reasons for your answer.

Interior angles BNM and NMD add to 180° (i.e. are supplementary)

and vertically opposite angles are equal.

Q5

(Total 3 marks)

6. (a) Use your calculator to work out $\frac{2}{1.5+2.45}$

Write down all the figures on your calculator display. You must give your answer as a decimal.

0.5063291139

(2)

(b) Write your answer to part (a) correct to 2 decimal places.

0.51 (2d.p.).

(1)

Q6

7. A circle has a diameter of 12 cm.

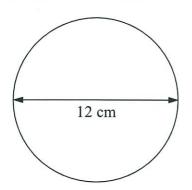


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Work out the circumference of the circle. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

37.7 cm

Q7

Leave blank

(Total 2 marks)

8. The equation

$$x^3 + 10x = 25$$

has a solution between 1 and 2

Use a trial and improvement method to find this solution. Give your answer correct to one decimal place. You must show **all** your working.

=> 1.85
$$< x < 1.9$$

: $x = 1.9$ (to 1d. p.).

x =

(Total 4 marks)

Q8

Work out £84 as a percentage of £350

Q9

Leave blank

(Total 2 marks)

10. There are some ribbons in a box.

The ribbons are green or red or yellow or white.

The table shows each of the probabilities that a ribbon chosen at random will be green or red or white.

Colour	Green	Red	Yellow	White
Probability	0.15	0.30		0.35

(a) Work out the probability that a ribbon chosen at random will be yellow.

$$1 - (0.15 + 0.3 + 0.35)$$

$$= 1 - 0.8 = 0.2$$

(2)

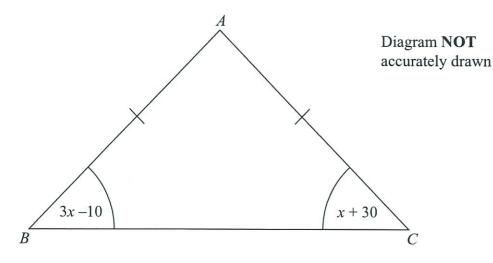
There are 500 ribbons in the box.

(b) Work out the number of red ribbons.

Q10

11.

Leave blank



ABC is an isosceles triangle.

$$AB = AC$$
.

(a) Explain why 3x - 10 = x + 30

(b) Solve 3x - 10 = x + 30

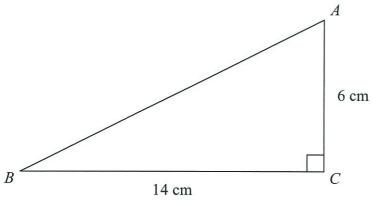
$$2x - 10 = 30$$

$$=> x = \frac{30+10}{2} = \frac{40}{2} = 20^{\circ}$$

$$x = \frac{20}{20}$$
 (2)

Q11

12.



Leave blank

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

ABC is a right-angled triangle.

$$AC = 6$$
 cm.

$$BC = 14 \text{ cm}.$$

(a) Work out the area of triangle ABC.

$$\frac{14(6)}{2} = \frac{84}{2} = 42 \, \text{cm}^2$$

<u>+2</u> cm² (2)

(b) Calculate the length of *AB*. Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

$$AB^2 = 14^2 + 6^2$$

=> $AB = \sqrt{232} = 15.23 \text{ cm } (2d.p.).$

15.23 cm

(3) Q12

13. The diagram shows a solid prism.

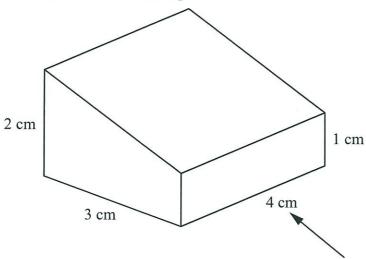
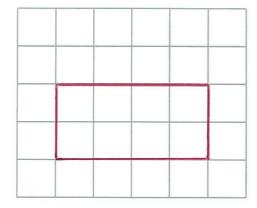


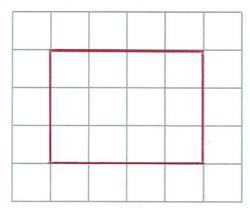
Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

(a) On the grid below, draw the front elevation of the prism from the direction of the arrow.



(2)

(b) On the grid below, draw the plan of the prism.



(2) Q13

14. The table gives information about the number of CDs sold in a shop during each of the last 30 weeks.

Number of CDs (n)	Frequency	Interval midpoint, m	mx F
$0 < n \leqslant 40$	3	20	60
$40 < n \leqslant 80$	5	60	300
$80 < n \leqslant 120$	12	100	1200
$120 < n \leqslant 160$	7	140	180
$160 < n \leqslant 200$	3	180	540

Calculate an estimate for the mean number of CDs sold each week. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

Mean estimate =
$$\frac{\sum mf}{\sum f} = \frac{60 + 300 + 1200 + 980 + 540}{30}$$

$$= \frac{3080}{30} = 102.7 (1d.p.).$$

Q14

(Total 4 marks)

- **15.** $-4 < n \le 1$ *n* is an integer.
 - (a) Write down all the possible values of n.

(2)

(b) Solve 3x - 2 > x + 7

$$=>$$
 $>$ $> \frac{7+2}{3}$

2 > 4.5

(2) Q15

Leave blank 16. Draw the locus of all points which are equidistant from the lines AB and AC.

the angle bisector of angle BAC represents the locus of all points equidistant from lines AB and AC.

B

Q16

17. Make A the subject of the formula

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{A}{3}}$$

Leave blank

$$r^2 = \frac{A}{3}$$

$$A = \frac{3}{}$$

Q17

(Total 2 marks)

18. (a) Write 15 500 in standard form.

(1)

(b) Write 2.48×10^{-3} as an ordinary number.

(1)

(c) Work out the value of

$$24\ 500 \div (1.25 \times 10^{-4})$$

Give your answer in standard form.

$$\frac{2.45 \times 10^{4}}{1.25 \times 10^{-4}} = \frac{2.45}{1.25} \times \frac{10^{4}}{10^{-4}} = 1.96 \times 10^{(4-(-4))}$$

Q18

(2)

(Total 4 marks)



15

19. (a) Factorise $x^2 - 7x + 10$

Leave blank

$$(2c-5)(2c-2)$$

(b) Solve
$$x^2 - 7x + 10 = 0$$

or
$$x =2$$

Q19

(Total 3 marks)

20.

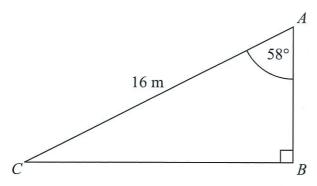


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

ABC is a right-angled triangle.

$$AC = 16 \text{ m}.$$

Angle
$$CAB = 58^{\circ}$$

Calculate the length of AB.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

8.48 m

Q20

21. A field is in the shape of a rectangle.

The width of the field is 28 metres, measured to the nearest metre.

(a) Work out the upper bound of the width of the field.

28.5 metres

The length of the field is 145 metres, measured to the nearest 5 metres.

(b) Work out the upper bound for the perimeter of the field.

$$2(147.5) + 2(28.5)$$

= 352 m

352 metres

Q21

(Total 4 marks)

22. (a) Simplify $p^5 \times p^4$

P9 (1)

(b) Simplify $q^5 \div q^2$

$$q^{(5-2)} = q^3$$

(1)

(c) Simplify $12tu^6 \div 6tu^5$

$$\frac{12tu^{6}}{6tu^{5}} = \frac{12}{6} \times \frac{t}{t} \times \frac{u^{6}}{u^{5}} = 2 \times 1 \times u \qquad 2u$$

(d) Simplify $(9w^2y^6)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ N.B: $(a^m)'^{(n)} = a^{(m \times \frac{1}{n})} = a^{(m')}$

Simplify
$$(9w^2y^6)^2$$
 N.B: (a) 3 a $9^{\frac{1}{2}} \times (w^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \times (y^6)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 3wy^3$

(2)

(e) For x > 1, write the following expressions in order of size. Start with the expression with the least value.

$$x^0$$

 x^2 x x^{-2} $x^{\frac{1}{2}}$

 $x^{-2}, x^{\circ}, x^{\frac{1}{2}}, x, x^{2}$

Q22

23. A and B are two solid shapes which are mathematically similar. The shapes are made from the same material.

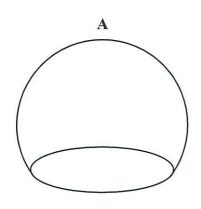
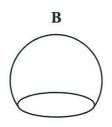


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



The surface area of A is 50 cm². The surface area of **B** is 18 cm^2 .

The mass of A is 500 grams.

Let f = scale factor multiplier For A La B.

Calculate the mass of **B**.

Surface area of A x f2 = Surface area of B

$$=$$
 50 x $F^2 = 18$

$$\Rightarrow f^2 = \frac{18}{50} = \frac{9}{25}$$

$$\therefore F = \sqrt{\frac{9}{25}} = \frac{3}{5} = 0.6$$

The volume of B is given by Volume of A x f3 = Volax 0.63

Q23

This means the mass of B is 0.216 x mass of A (Total 4 marks)

= 500 x 0.216 = 108g

24. (a) Explain what is meant by a random sample.

A sample in which each element has an equal chance of being selected.

Chris collects stamps from different countries. He has 245 stamps from France.

He wants to take a random sample of 10 of his stamps from France.

(b) Describe a method that Chris could use.

Assign a number to all 245 stamps from France, use a random number generator to create a list of 10 random numbers and finally match these numbers to the relevant members to create the sample. (1)

The table shows information about Chris' collection of 662 stamps.

Country	France	Germany	Spain	Italy	Total
Number of stamps	245	184	138	95	662

Chris takes a sample of 50 stamps stratified by country.

(c) Work out the number of stamps from Italy in this sample.

(2)

Q24

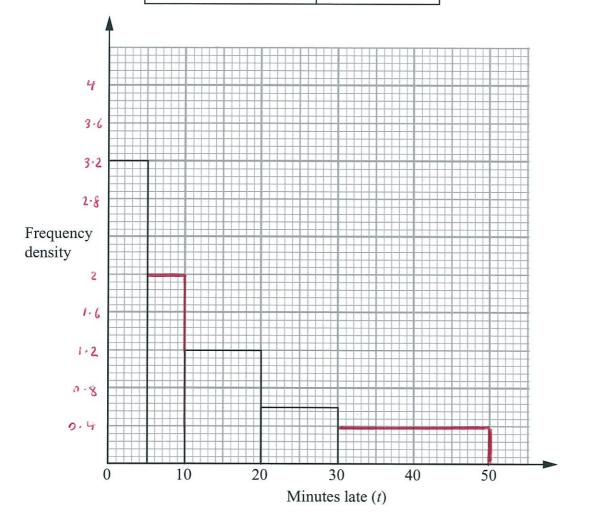


25. Some trains from Manchester to London were late.

The incomplete table and histogram gives some information about how late the trains were.

Minutes late (t)	Frequency
$0 < t \leqslant 5$	16
5 < <i>t</i> ≤ 10	10
$10 < t \leqslant 20$	12
$20 < t \leqslant 30$	16 m
$30 < t \leqslant 50$	8

F.D = F Class Width
3.2
2
1.2
9.6
0.4



(a) Use the information in the histogram to complete the table.

(2)

(2)

(b) Use the information in the table to complete the histogram.

Q25

26. The diagram shows a sector of a circle with centre *O*. The radius of the circle is 8 cm.

PRS is an arc of the circle. *PS* is a chord of the circle. Angle $POS = 40^{\circ}$

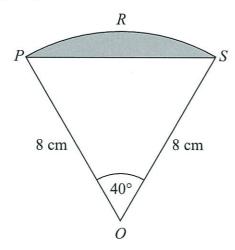


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Calculate the area of the shaded segment. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

Area of shaded segment = Area of sector - Area of triangle
$$= \frac{40}{360} \text{ Tr}(8^2) - \frac{1}{2}(8)(8) \sin 40^{\circ}$$

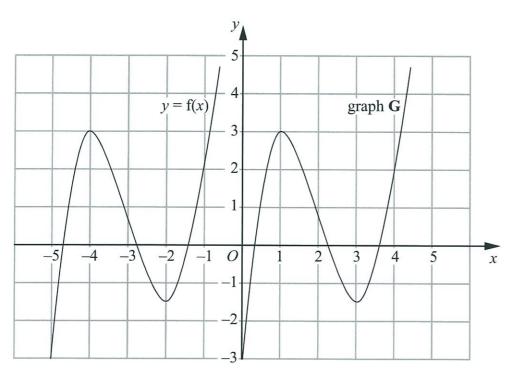
$$= \frac{1}{9}(64\text{ Tr}) - 32 \sin 40^{\circ}$$

$$= 1.77 \text{ cm}^2(3s.f.).$$

1. 7-t cm

Q26

27. The graph of y = f(x) is shown on the grid.



The graph **G** is a translation of the graph of y = f(x).

(a) Write down, in terms of f, the equation of graph G.

f(x+a) is f(x) translated - a units along the x-axis.

So f(x-5) is f(x) translated -(-5) or 5 units across the x-axis. y = f(x-5)

The graph of y = f(x) has a maximum point at (-4, 3).

(b) Write down the coordinates of the maximum point of the graph of y = f(-x).

 $f(-\infty)$ is a reflection of $f(\infty)$ in the line $\infty=0$ lie. a reflection in the y-axis).

(....4 , 3 ...)

Q27

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(Total 3 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS

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